



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 17, 2025 – 04:53 PM JST

PDB ID : 8KF4 / pdb_00008kf4
EMDB ID : EMD-37198
Title : The cryo-EM structure of type1 amyloid beta 42 fibril in AD2 patient.
Authors : Zhao, Q.Y.; Tao, Y.Q.; Liu, C.; Li, D.
Deposited on : 2023-08-15
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

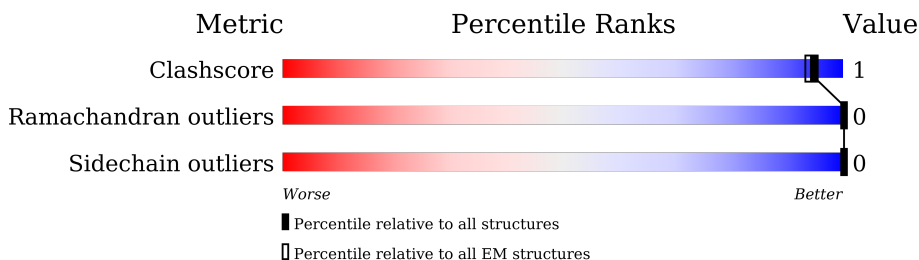
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

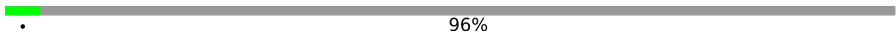
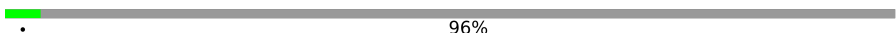
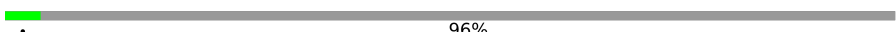
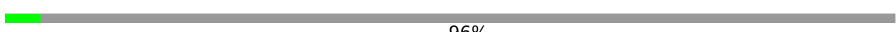
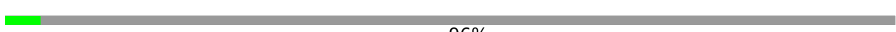

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	770	 96%
1	B	770	 96%
1	C	770	 96%
1	D	770	 96%
1	E	770	 96%
1	F	770	 96%

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1500 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Amyloid-beta precursor protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	D	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			250	163	42	44	1		
1	C	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			250	163	42	44	1		
1	E	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			250	163	42	44	1		
1	A	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			250	163	42	44	1		
1	F	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			250	163	42	44	1		
1	B	34	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			250	163	42	44	1		

96%

[illegible]

- Molecule 1: Amyloid-beta precursor protein

96%

[illegible]

LYS	THR	THR	GLN	ASN	ALA	GLN	LYS	PRO	ARG	THR	GLU	GLY	GLU	THR	CYS	LEU	MET
THR	THR	GLN	VAL	LEU	VAL	VAL	ASN	VAL	ALA	ILE	ASP	VAL	ASP	ILE	CYS	LEU	PRO
VAL	GLU	THR	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	LYS	LEU	ILE	ASP	ASP	PHE	ASP	THR	ASP	GLY	
LEU	LEU	SER	ARG	ALA	ARG	ARG	ALA	THR	ARG	THR	GLU	CYS	ALA	LYS	LYS	ALA	
LEU	LEU	LEU	PRO	ASP	PRO	PRO	ASP	THR	TRP	THR	ASP	CYS	LEU	GLY	GLY	LEU	
PRO	PRO	LEU	ARG	LYS	ARG	ARG	LYS	ALA	TYR	ALA	ASP	PRO	LEU	GLY	LEU	LEU	
VAL	VAL	TYR	HIS	LYS	HIS	VAL	PHE	ASP	ASP	THR	GLU	LEU	VAL	ILE	LEU	LEU	
ASN	ASN	ASN	VAL	ASN	VAL	VAL	ALA	SER	ASP	ALA	ASP	ALA	ASP	PRO	LEU	LEU	
GLY	VAL	VAL	PHE	ASN	PHE	ASN	ILE	THR	VAL	THR	GLY	GLU	ASP	ALA	ALA	ALA	
GLU	GLU	ALA	ASN	ILE	MET	VAL	GLN	PRO	GLU	THR	GLU	SER	LYS	TYR	GLN	ALA	
PHE	ALA	VAL	LEU	GLN	THR	ARG	VAL	ASP	GLU	GLY	GLU	SER	CYS	CYS	THR	TRP	
VAL	LEU	VAL	LYS	HIS	LEU	ALA	PHE	GLY	GLY	GLU	ASP	ASN	VAL	GLN	GLU	THR	
LEU	LEU	GLU	TYR	LYS	ALA	ALA	LYS	ALA	ALA	THR	VAL	THR	HIS	TYR	PRO	LEU	
GLN	PRO	GLN	ARG	VAL	ARG	ALA	VAL	LEU	PHE	PRO	GLN	SER	GLN	CYS	GLY	GLU	
PRO	PRO	ASP	ALA	GLU	ALA	ALA	GLU	GLU	PHE	GLU	ARG	ASP	ALA	GLU	VAL	VAL	
THR	THR	GLU	GLU	SER	GLU	GLN	SER	THR	THR	GLY	GLU	ASP	VAL	GLU	GLN	GLU	
HIS	HIS	VAL	GLN	LEU	GLN	LYS	GLY	PRO	GLY	THR	VAL	GLU	ASP	VAL	ILE	THR	
ASP	ASP	GLU	LYS	GLU	LYS	GLY	GLY	GLY	CYS	CYS	VAL	ASP	GLU	THR	THR	GLY	
PHE	PHE	GLU	ASP	GLN	ARG	ASP	GLN	ASP	GLY	GLY	ASP	ASP	GLU	ASN	ASN	GLY	
GLY	GLY	LEU	ARG	GLU	ARG	ARG	GLU	GLU	GLY	THR	ALA	ASP	GLU	VAL	VAL	ASN	
ALA	ALA	LEU	HIS	ALA	HIS	HIS	ALA	ASN	GLY	GLY	THR	SER	THR	VAL	GLY	GLY	
ASP	ASP	GLN	THR	ASN	THR	THR	ASN	HIS	ASN	THR	TRP	ASP	VAL	GLN	ALA	LEU	
VAL	VAL	LEU	LEU	GLU	LEU	LEU	GLU	ALA	ASN	THR	THR	TRP	HIS	ASN	LEU	LEU	
PRO	PRO	GLN	LYS	ARG	LYS	LYS	ARG	HIS	ASN	THR	THR	TRP	THR	GLN	LEU	ALA	
ALA	ASN	ASN	PHE	GLN	PHE	GLN	GLN	GLN	ASN	THR	THR	TRP	THR	GLN	ALA	ALA	
ASN	ASN	TYR	PHE	GLN	ASN	ASN	GLN	ASN	ASN	THR	THR	TRP	THR	GLY	PRO	PRO	
THR	THR	SER	GLU	LEU	VAL	GLU	LEU	LEU	GLY	THR	THR	GLY	THR	CYS	GLY	GLY	
GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	ASP	GLU	GLN	LEU	GLU	GLY	ALA	THR	ASP	GLU	VAL	LEU	LEU	
GLU	GLU	VAL	VAL	GLU	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLU	GLY	THR	THR	ASP	GLU	THR	GLY	GLY	
GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	LEU	GLY	THR	THR	THR	GLY	THR	VAL	VAL	
GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	LEU	THR	THR	THR	GLY	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	
GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	LEU	THR	THR	THR	GLY	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	
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GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	LEU	THR	THR	THR	GLY	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	
GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	LEU	THR	THR	THR	GLY	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	
GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU	GLU													

SER	LYS	MET	GLN	GLN	ASN	GLY	TYR	GLU	GLU	ASN	PRO	THR	TYR	LYS	PHE	PHE	GLU	GLN	MET	GLN	ASN																																	
ILE	THR	LYS	GLU	GLU	ILE	SER	GLU	VAL	LYS	LYS	MET	ASP	ALA	GLU	PHE	ARG	HIS	ASP	CG	E22	A42	THR	VAL	ILE	VAL	ILE	THR	LEU	VAL	MET	LEU	LYS	LYS	GLN	TVR	THR	SER	ILE	HIS	GLY	VAL	VAL	GLU	GLU	ASP	ALA	ALA	VAL	THR	PRO	GLU	GLU	ARG	HIS

- Molecule 1: Amyloid-beta precursor protein

Chain F: 96%

[illegible]

- Molecule 1: Amyloid-beta precursor protein

Chain B: 96%

[illegible]



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=178.48°, rise=2.39 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	20905	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	55	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.072	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.041	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0102	Depositor
Map size (Å)	239.03972, 239.03972, 239.03972	wwPDB
Map dimensions	288, 288, 288	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.829999, 0.829999, 0.829999	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.42	0/254	0.51	0/341
1	B	0.42	0/254	0.50	0/341
1	C	0.42	0/254	0.51	0/341
1	D	0.42	0/254	0.51	0/341
1	E	0.43	0/254	0.51	0/341
1	F	0.43	0/254	0.50	0/341
All	All	0.42	0/1524	0.51	0/2046

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	250	0	252	1	0
1	B	250	0	252	0	0
1	C	250	0	252	1	0
1	D	250	0	252	2	0
1	E	250	0	252	1	0
1	F	250	0	252	1	0
All	All	1500	0	1512	3	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (3) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:22:GLU:HA	1:F:22:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:C:22:GLU:HG3	1:A:22:GLU:HA	1.99	0.43
1:D:22:GLU:HG3	1:E:22:GLU:HA	2.02	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	32/770 (4%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	B	32/770 (4%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	C	32/770 (4%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	D	32/770 (4%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	E	32/770 (4%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	F	32/770 (4%)	32 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	192/4620 (4%)	192 (100%)	0	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	25/669 (4%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	25/669 (4%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	25/669 (4%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	25/669 (4%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	25/669 (4%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
1	F	25/669 (4%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	150/4014 (4%)	150 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

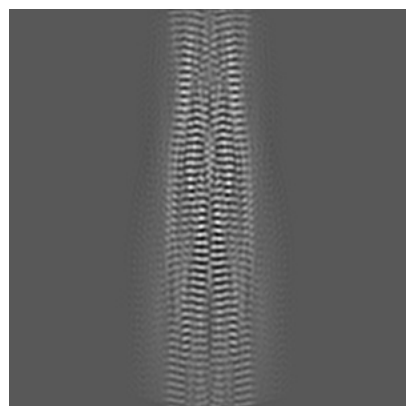
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-37198. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

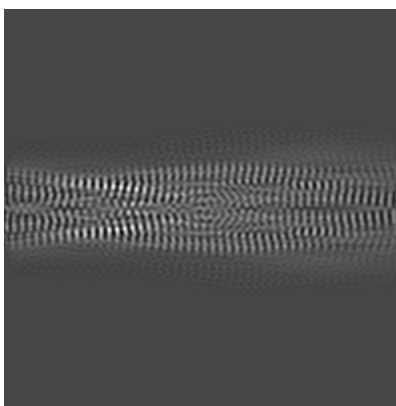
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

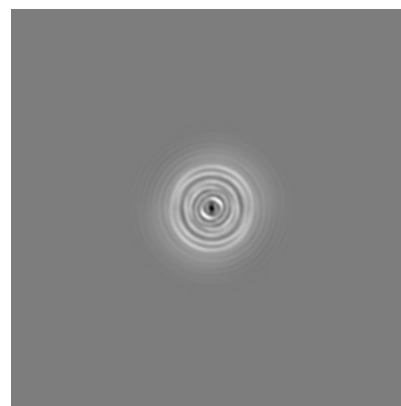
6.1.1 Primary map



X

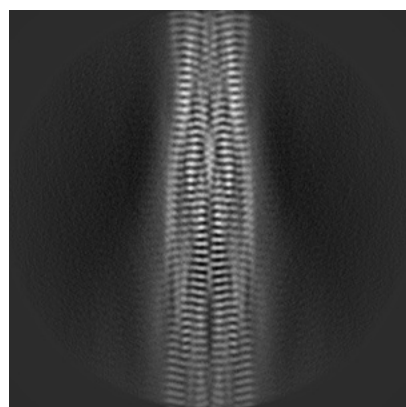


Y

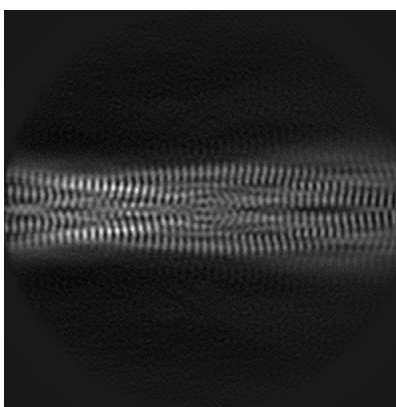


Z

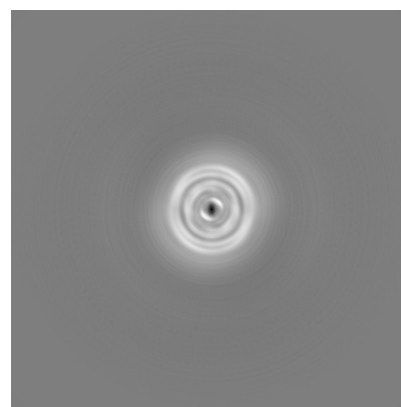
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

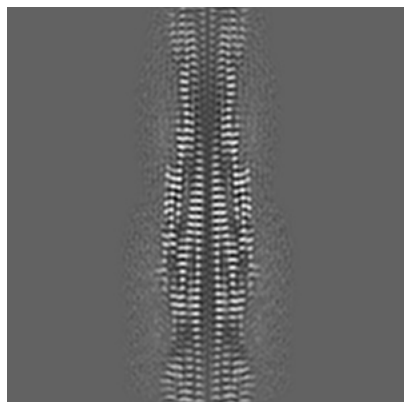


Z

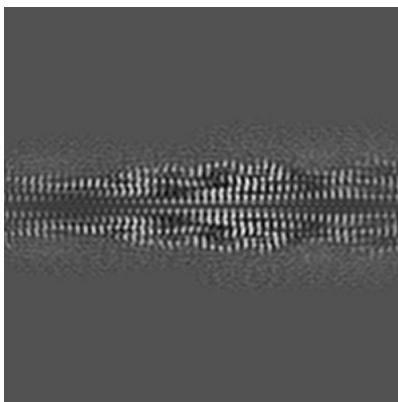
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

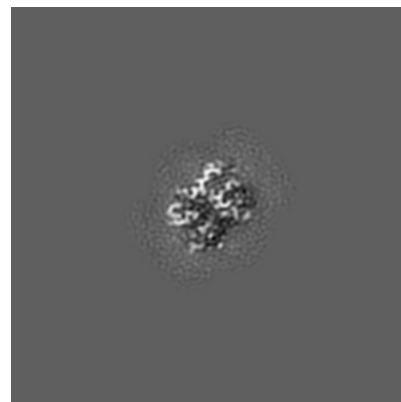
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 144

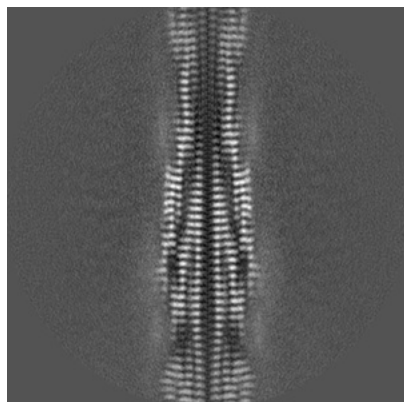


Y Index: 144

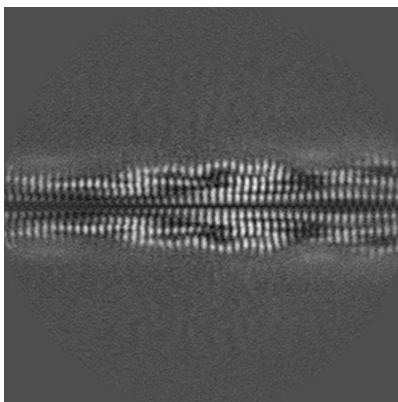


Z Index: 144

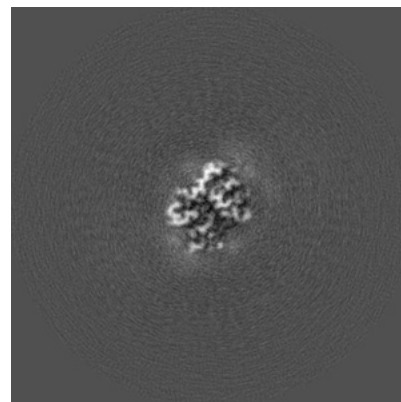
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 144



Y Index: 144

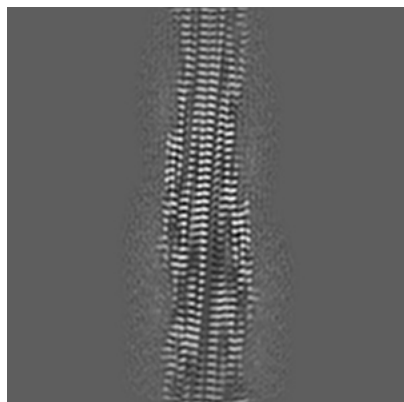


Z Index: 144

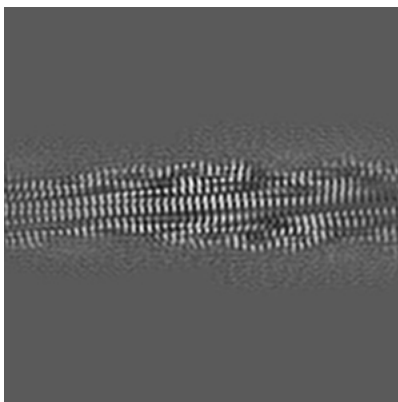
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

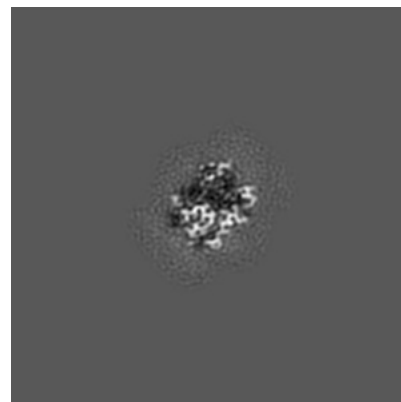
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 138

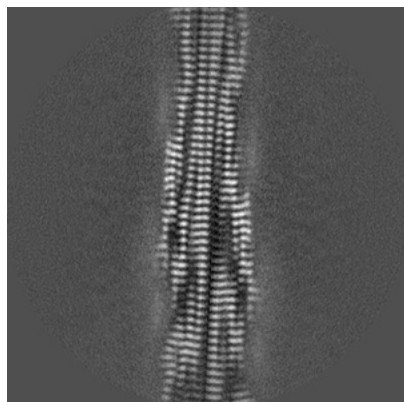


Y Index: 150

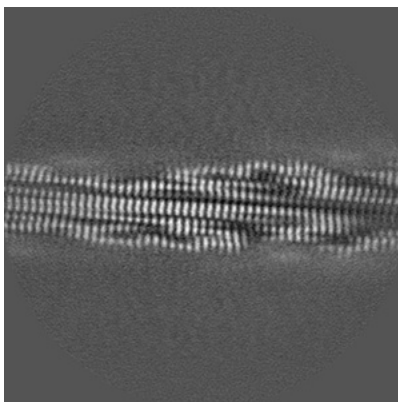


Z Index: 142

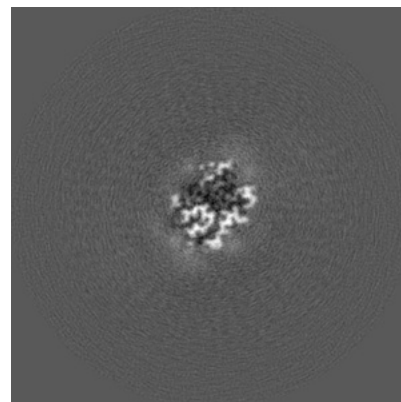
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 139



Y Index: 137

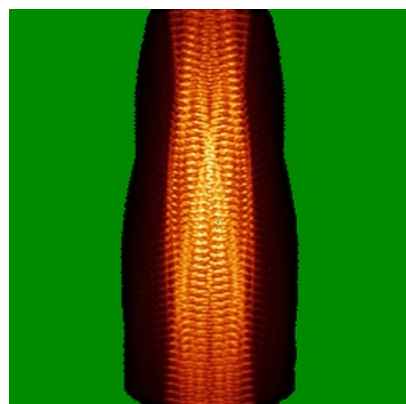


Z Index: 142

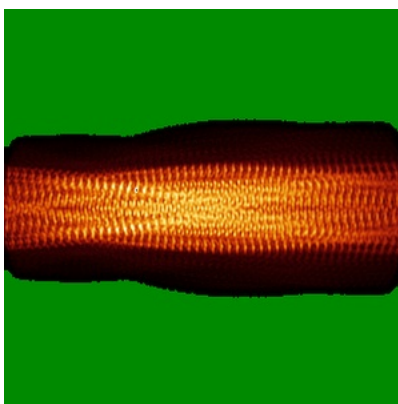
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

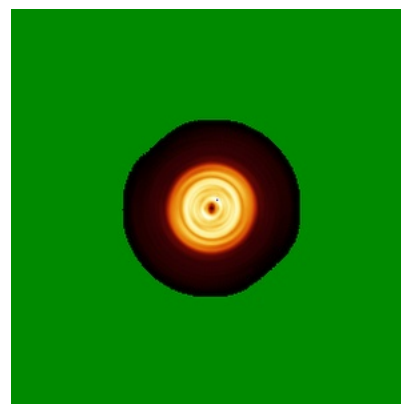
6.4.1 Primary map



X

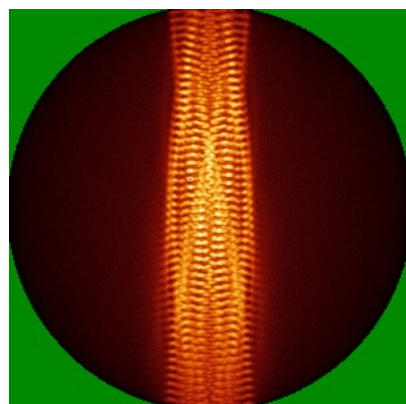


Y

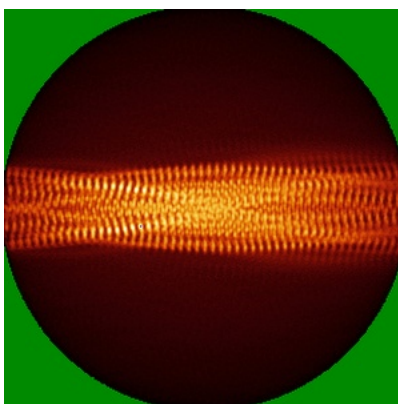


Z

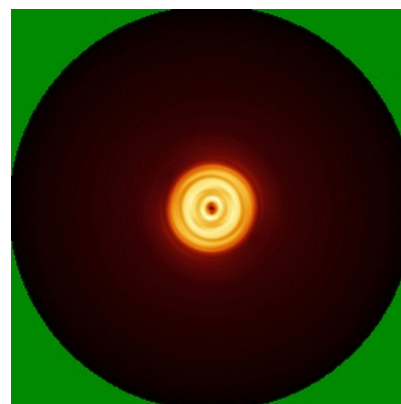
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

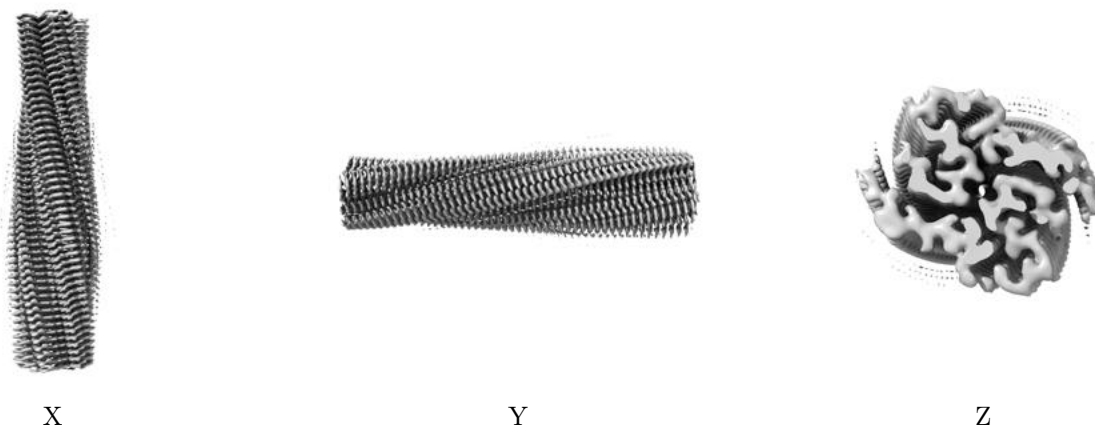


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

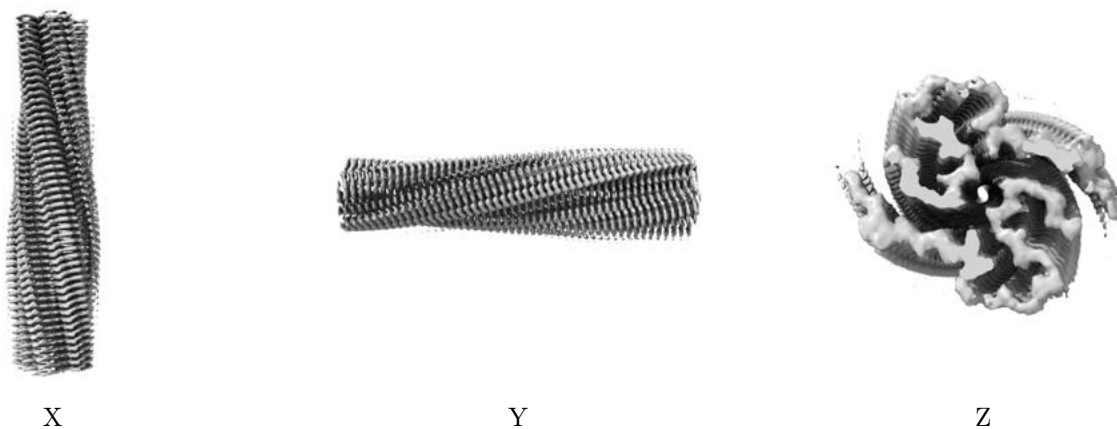
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0102. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

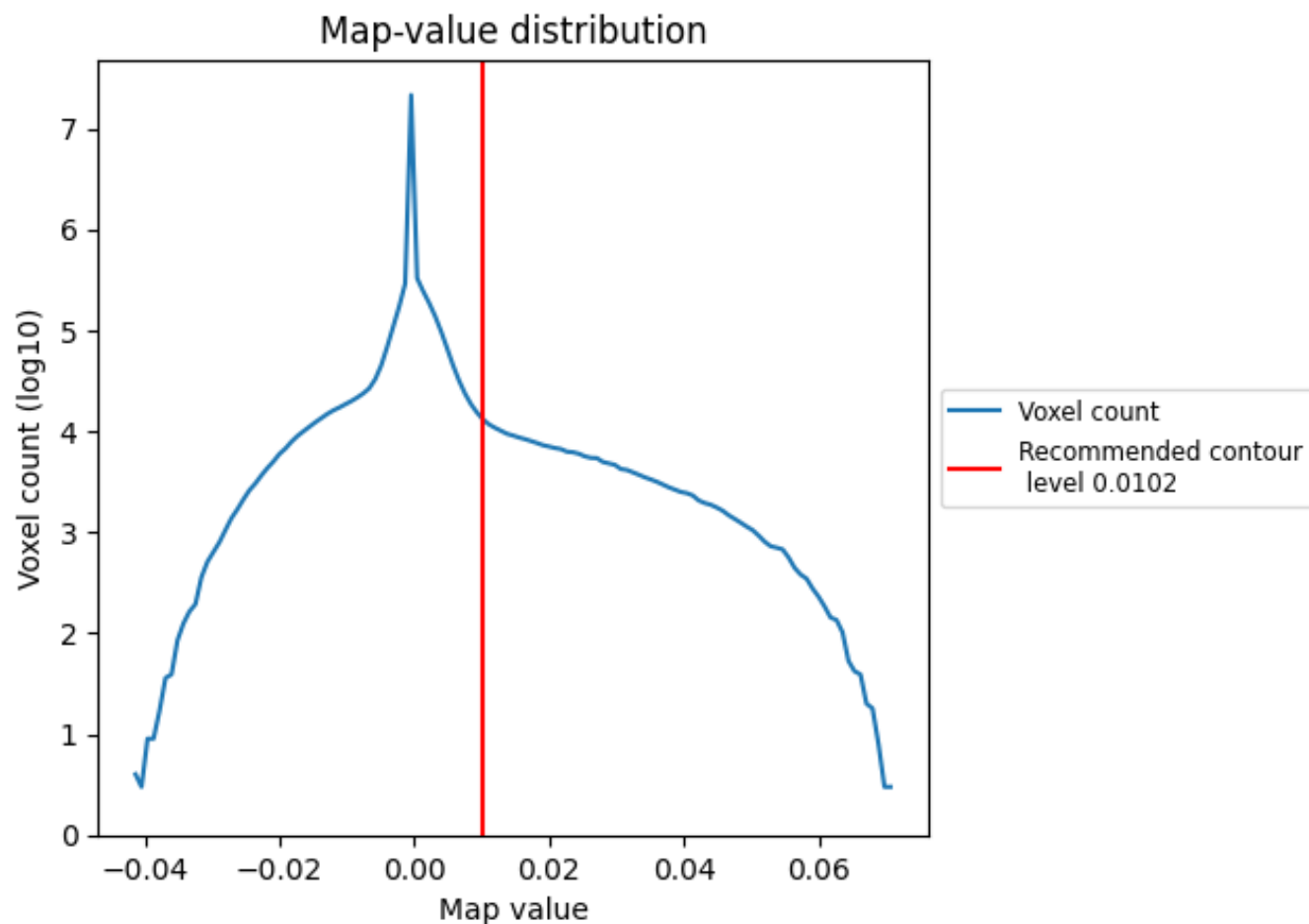
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

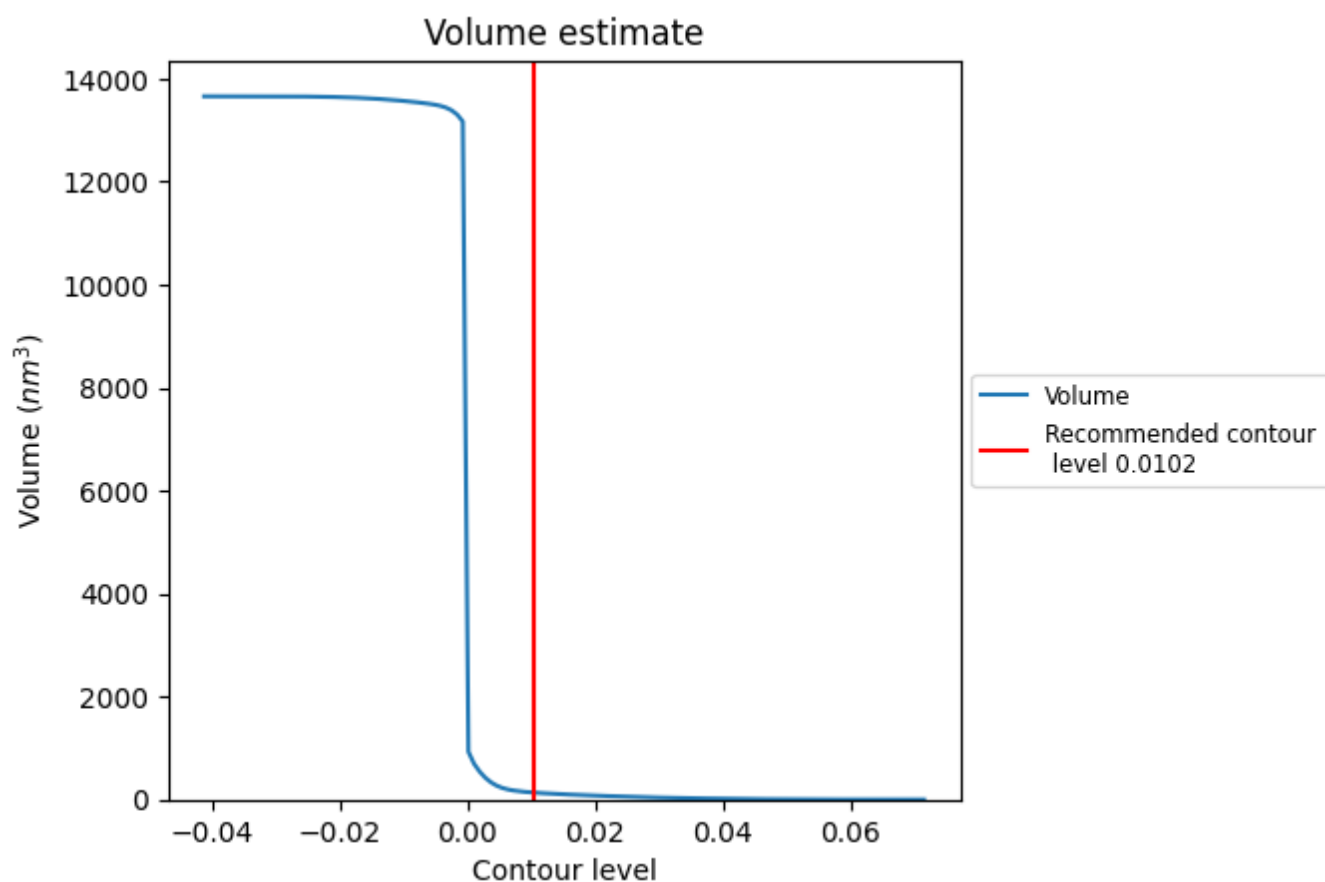
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

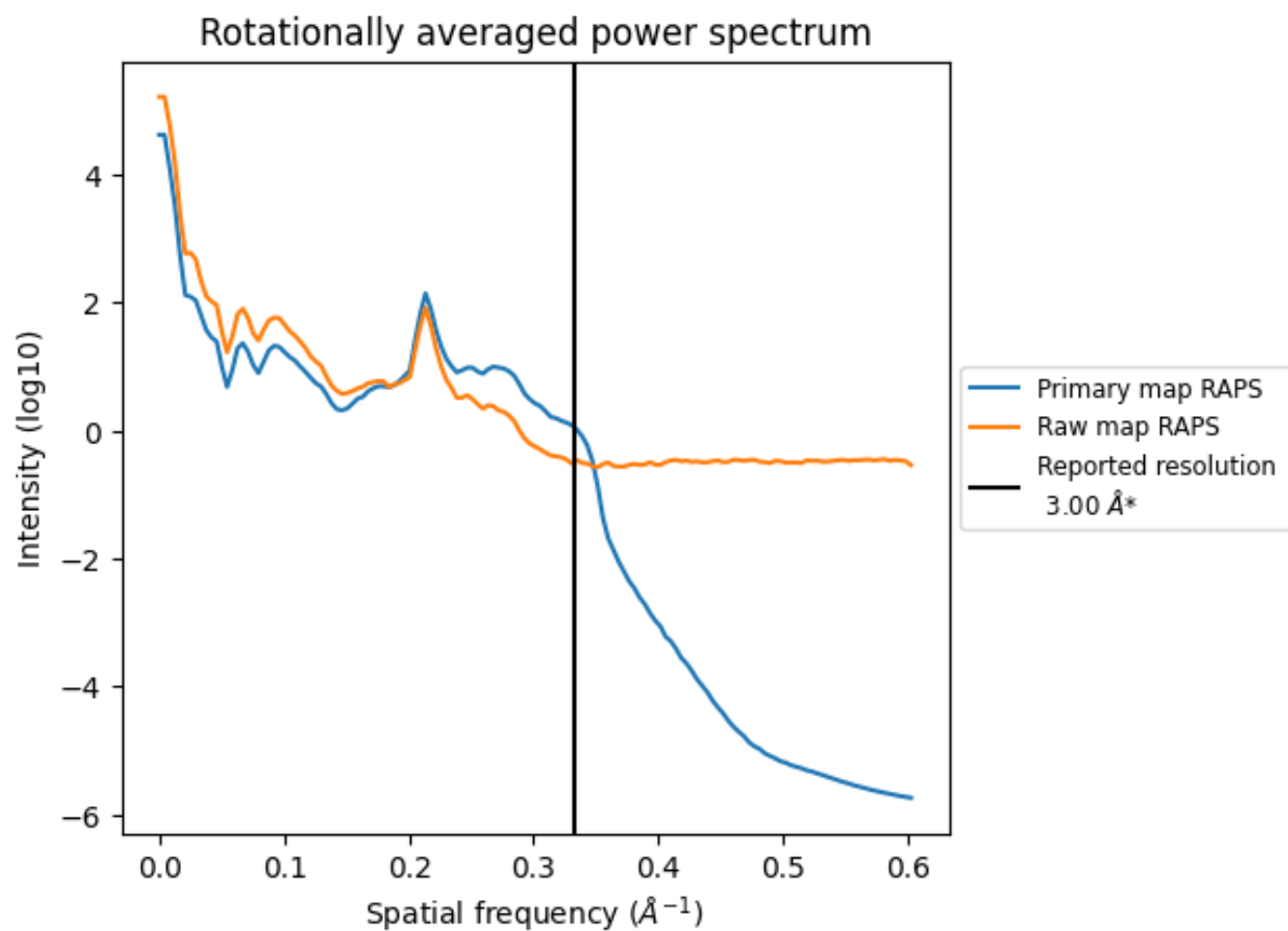
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 136 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 123 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

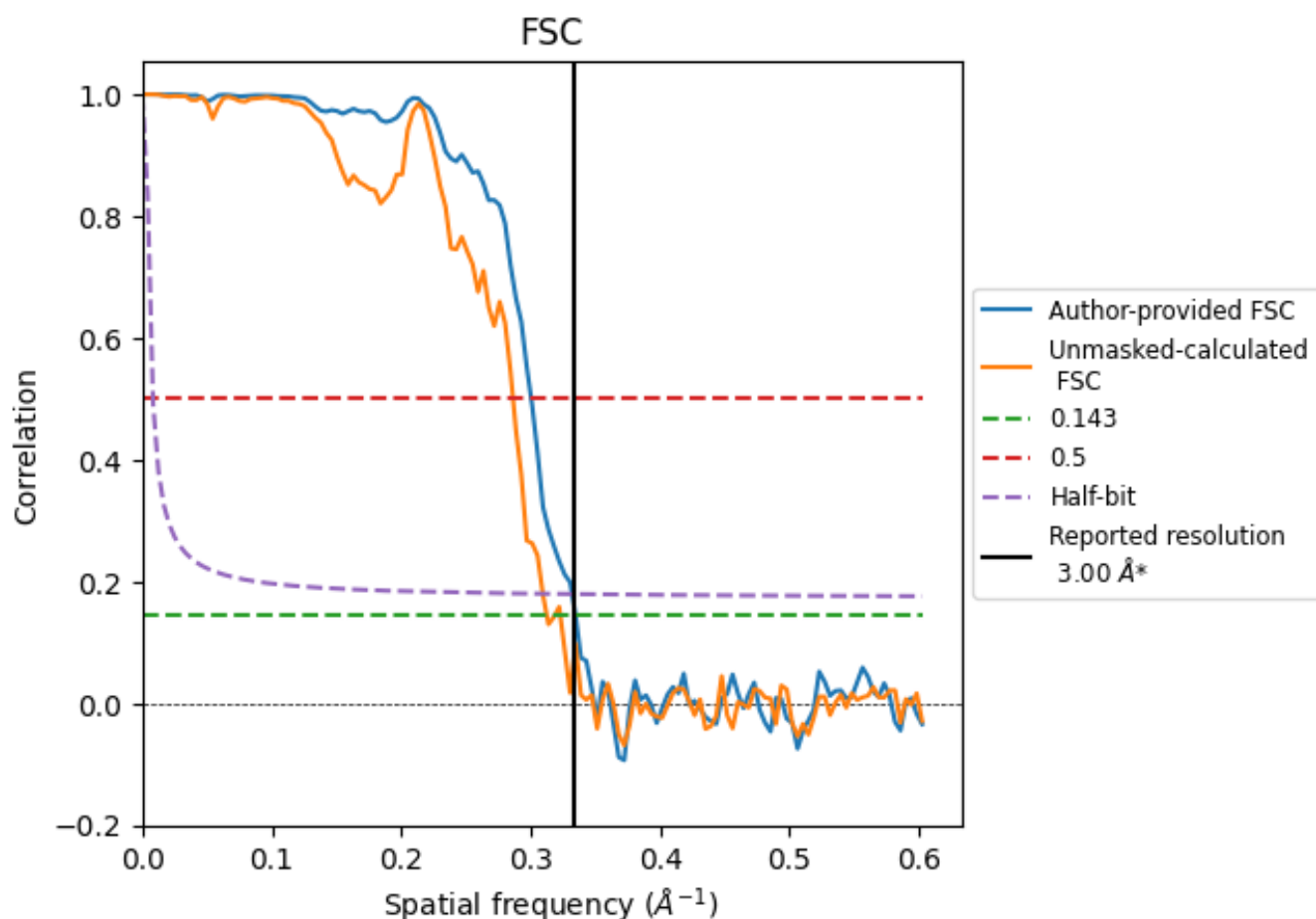


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

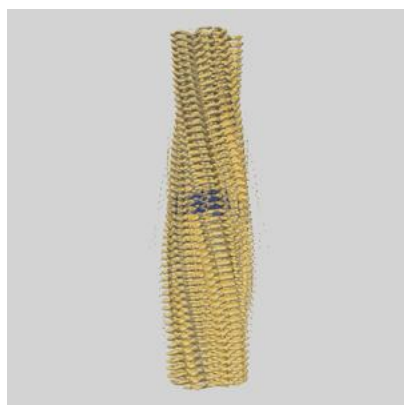
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.99	3.33	3.01
Unmasked-calculated*	3.20	3.49	3.23

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-37198 and PDB model 8KF4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

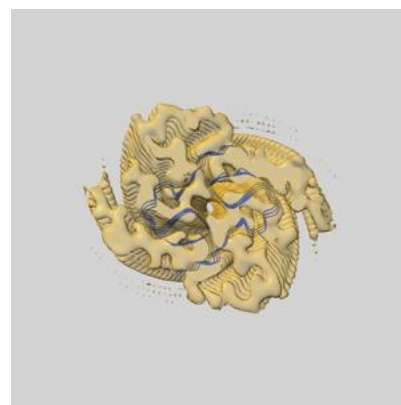
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



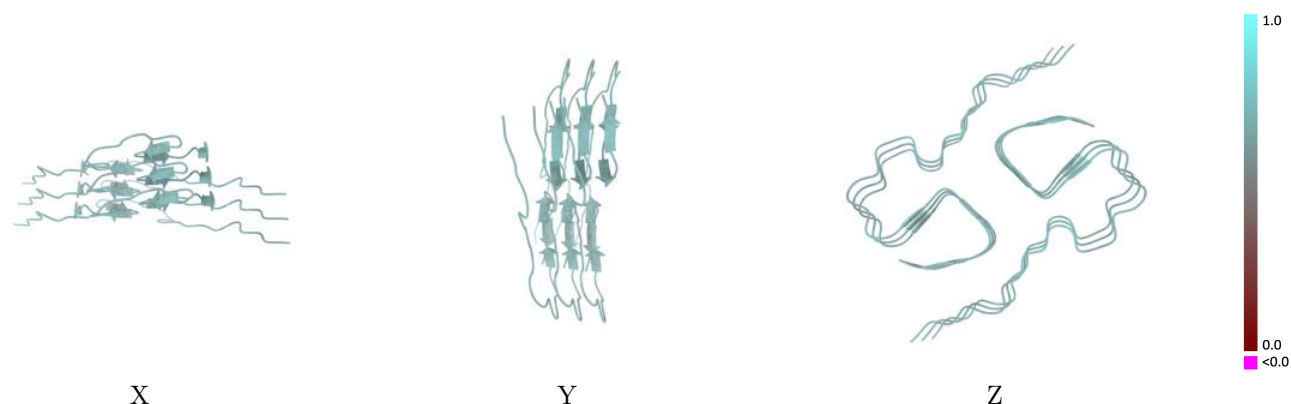
Y



Z

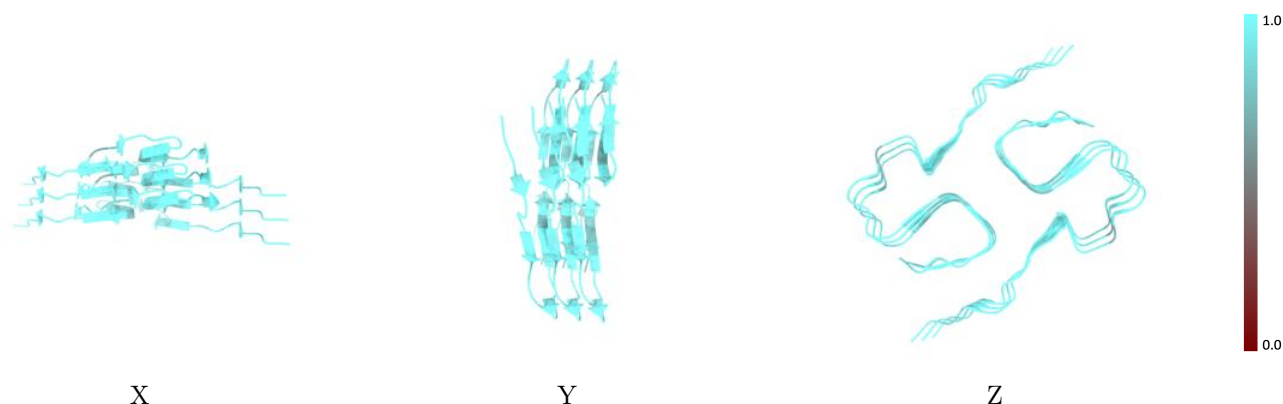
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0102 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



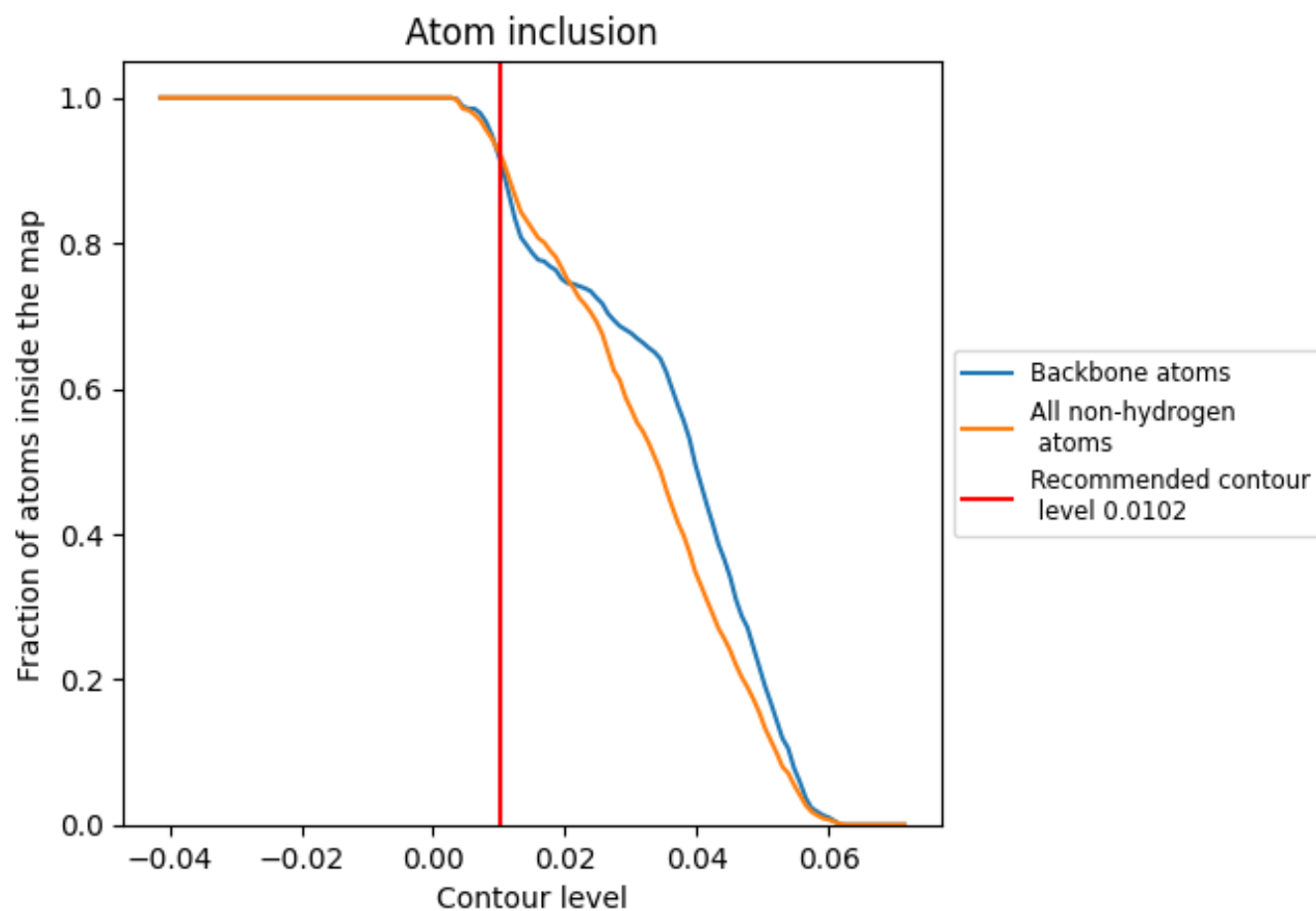
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0102).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 91% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0102) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div><div></div></div> 0.9220	<div><div></div></div> 0.6200
A	<div><div></div></div> 0.9320	<div><div></div></div> 0.6180
B	<div><div></div></div> 0.9240	<div><div></div></div> 0.6190
C	<div><div></div></div> 0.9280	<div><div></div></div> 0.6200
D	<div><div></div></div> 0.9160	<div><div></div></div> 0.6220
E	<div><div></div></div> 0.9240	<div><div></div></div> 0.6200
F	<div><div></div></div> 0.9120	<div><div></div></div> 0.6240

1.0

0.0

<0.0