



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 6KR8  
BMRB ID : 36284  
Title : Structure of the beta2 adrenergic receptor in the full agonist bound state  
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

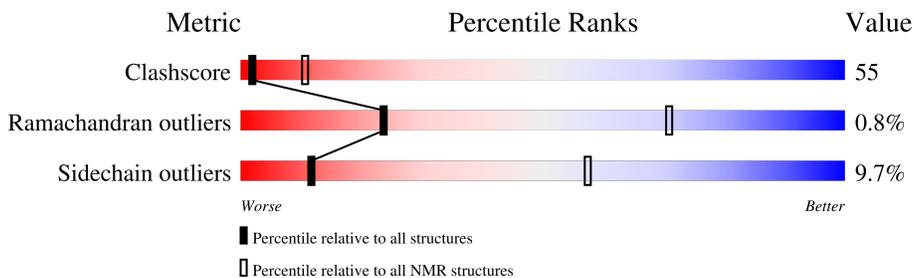
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 0%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	336	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:30-A:55, A:63-A:133, A:141-A:144, A:150-A:237, A:273-A:341 (258)	0.12	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
2	3, 10
Single-model clusters	2

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 5052 atoms, of which 2544 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called beta 2 adrenergic receptor.

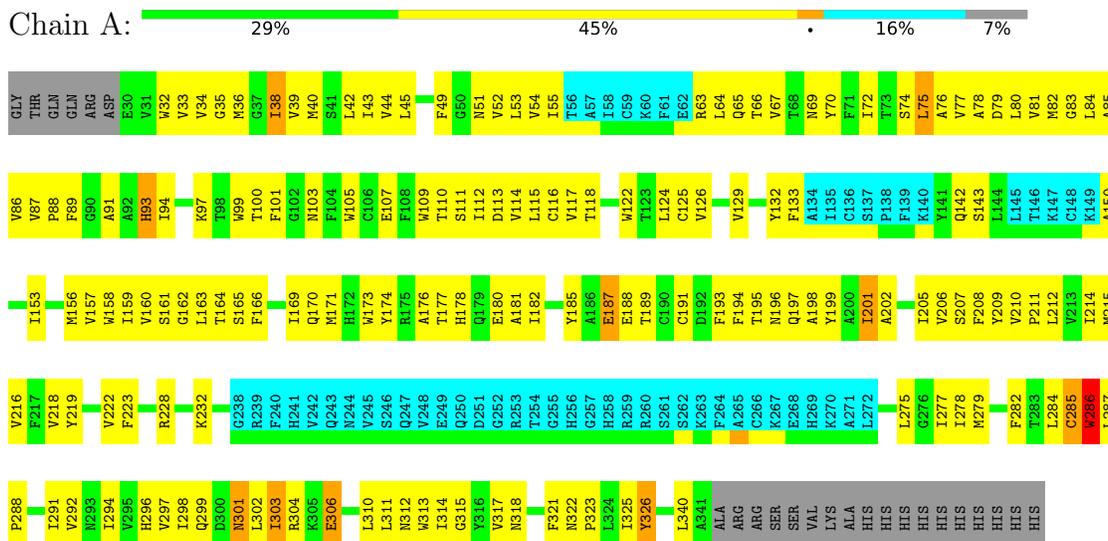
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	312	5052	1651	2544	413	425	19	0

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

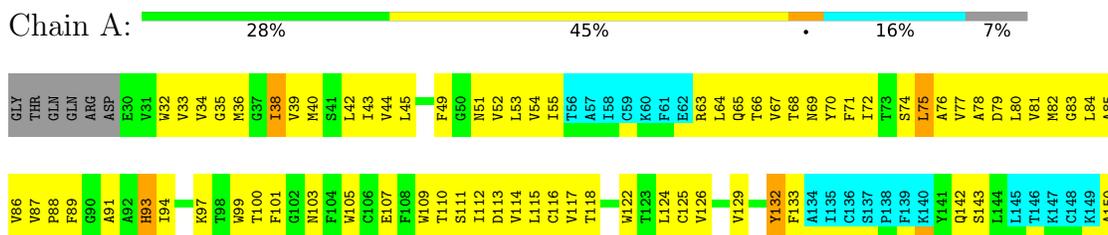
- Molecule 1: beta 2 adrenergic receptor



### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: beta 2 adrenergic receptor



R151	M215	L287
V152	V216	P288
I153	F217	L291
M156	Y219	V292
V157	Y219	N293
M158	V222	L294
I159	F223	V296
V160	R228	V297
S161	K232	I298
G162	G238	N301
L163	R239	L302
T164	F240	I303
S165	H241	E306
F166	Q170	V307
I169	Q243	L310
I170	M244	L311
M171	V245	N312
H172	S246	W313
W173	Q247	I314
Y174	V248	G315
R175	E249	N316
A176	Q250	V317
T177	D251	N318
H178	E180	F321
Q179	R253	N322
E180	A181	P323
A181	I182	L324
I182	G255	I325
Y185	H256	Y326
A186	G257	L340
E187	H258	A341
E188	R259	ALA
T189	R260	ARG
C190	S261	ARG
C191	S262	SER
D192	K263	SER
F193	F264	VAL
F194	A265	LYS
T195	C266	ALA
N196	K267	HIS
Q197	E268	HIS
A198	H269	HIS
Y199	K270	HIS
A200	A271	HIS
I201	L272	HIS
A202	L275	HIS
I205	G276	HIS
V206	I277	HIS
S207	I278	HIS
F208	M279	HIS
Y209	F282	HIS
V210	E283	HIS
P211	L284	HIS
L212	C285	HIS
V213	V286	HIS
I214		HIS

## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
X-PLOR NIH	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	38
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	19
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	19
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	0%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	2082	2114	2106	232±6
All	All	20820	21140	21060	2323

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 55.

5 of 321 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:285:CYS:O	1:A:286:TRP:CG	1.07	2.08	7	10
1:A:285:CYS:O	1:A:286:TRP:CD1	0.98	2.17	7	8
1:A:176:ALA:HB3	1:A:194:PHE:HE2	0.90	1.25	1	10
1:A:285:CYS:HB3	1:A:314:ILE:O	0.90	1.66	5	10
1:A:36:MET:HG2	1:A:40:MET:HE2	0.89	1.42	1	10

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	256/336 (76%)	245±1 (96±0%)	9±1 (4±0%)	2±1 (1±0%)	24	71
All	All	2560/3360 (76%)	2447 (96%)	93 (4%)	20 (1%)	24	71

5 of 7 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	286	TRP	10
1	A	133	PHE	3
1	A	326	TYR	2
1	A	150	ALA	2
1	A	327	SER	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	229/296 (77%)	207±2 (90±1%)	22±2 (10±1%)	12	57
All	All	2290/2960 (77%)	2067 (90%)	223 (10%)	12	57

5 of 39 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	38	ILE	10
1	A	72	ILE	10
1	A	75	LEU	10
1	A	93	HIS	10
1	A	142	GLN	10

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 0% for the well-defined parts and 0% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *PeakList.star*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	38
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	19
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	19
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 19) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	42	LEU	HN	7.96	0.02	.
1	A	45	LEU	HN	8.23	0.02	.
1	A	53	LEU	HN	8.01	0.02	.
1	A	64	LEU	HN	7.88	0.02	.
1	A	80	LEU	HN	8.9	0.02	.
1	A	84	LEU	HN	8.13	0.02	.
1	A	115	LEU	HN	8.64	0.02	.
1	A	144	LEU	HN	8.04	0.02	.
1	A	145	LEU	HN	7.61	0.02	.
1	A	155	LEU	HN	8.21	0.02	.
1	A	163	LEU	HN	8.65	0.02	.
1	A	167	LEU	HN	7.15	0.02	.
1	A	212	LEU	HN	7.95	0.02	.
1	A	230	LEU	HN	7.85	0.02	.

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List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	266	CYS	HN	8.11	0.02	.
1	A	284	LEU	HN	8.39	0.02	.
1	A	287	LEU	HN	7.81	0.02	.
1	A	311	LEU	HN	8.31	0.02	.
1	A	340	LEU	HN	7.77	0.02	.

### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 0%, i.e. 17 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3695. 0 out of 56 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	17/1289 (1%)	0/521 (0%)	0/516 (0%)	17/252 (7%)
Sidechain	0/1977 (0%)	0/1317 (0%)	0/607 (0%)	0/53 (0%)
Aromatic	0/429 (0%)	0/209 (0%)	0/203 (0%)	0/17 (0%)
Overall	17/3695 (0%)	0/2047 (0%)	0/1326 (0%)	17/322 (5%)

### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

